

from Class I and Class II pursuant to § 1032.44(a)(9) and the corresponding step of § 1032.44(b);

(d) Add the amount obtained from multiplying the difference between the Class I price applicable at the location of the pool plant and the Class III price by the hundredweight of skim milk and butterfat assigned to Class I pursuant to § 1032.43(d) and the hundredweight of skim milk and butterfat subtracted from Class I pursuant to § 1032.44(a)(7) (i) through (iv) and the corresponding step of § 1032.44(b), excluding receipts of bulk fluid cream products from an other order plant and bulk concentrated fluid milk products from pool plants, other order plants and unregulated supply plants;

(e) Add the amount obtained from multiplying the difference between the Class I price applicable at the location of the transferor-plant and the Class III price by the hundredweight of skim milk and butterfat subtracted from Class I pursuant to § 1032.44(a)(7)(v) and (vi) and the corresponding step of § 1032.44(b);

(f) Add the amount obtained from multiplying the Class I price applicable at the location of the nearest unregulated supply plants from which an equivalent volume was received by the pounds of skim milk and butterfat in receipts of concentrated fluid milk products assigned to Class I pursuant to § 1032.43(d) and § 1032.44(a)(7)(i) and the pounds of skim milk and butterfat subtracted from Class I pursuant to § 1032.44(a)(11) and the corresponding steps of § 1032.44(b), excluding such skim milk and butterfat in receipts of bulk fluid milk products from an unregulated supply plant to the extent that an equivalent amount of skim milk or butterfat disposed of to such plant by handlers fully regulated under any Federal milk order is classified and priced as Class I milk and is not used as an offset for any other payment obligation under any order;

(g) Subtract, for reconstituted milk made from receipts of nonfluid milk products, an amount computed by multiplying \$1.00 (but not more than the difference between the Class I price applicable at the location of the pool plant and the Class III price) by the hundredweight of skim milk and but-

terfat contained in receipts of nonfluid milk products that are allocated to Class I use pursuant to § 1032.43(d);

(h) Exclude, for pricing purposes under this section, receipts of nonfluid milk products that are distributed as labeled reconstituted milk for which payments are made to the producer-settlement fund of another order under § 1032.76(a)(5) or (c); and

(i) For pool plants that transfer bulk concentrated fluid milk products to other pool plants and other order plants, add or subtract the amount per hundredweight of any class price change from the previous month that results from any inventory reclassification of bulk concentrated fluid milk products that occurs at the transferee plant. Any such applicable class price change shall be applied to the plant that used the concentrated milk in the event that the concentrated fluid milk products were made from bulk unconcentrated fluid milk products received at the plant during the prior month.

[39 FR 15417, May 3, 1974, as amended at 58 FR 27813, May 11, 1993]

§ 1032.61 Computation of uniform price (including weighted average price).

For each month the market administrator shall compute the uniform price per hundredweight of milk of 3.5 percent butterfat content which is received from producers at plants located in the "base zone" as follows:

(a) Combine into one total the values computed pursuant to § 1032.60 for all handlers who filed the reports prescribed by § 1032.30 for the month and who made the payments pursuant to §§ 1032.71 and 1032.73 for the preceding month;

(b) Add an amount equal to the value of the net location and zone adjustments (reductions minus increases) applicable to the uniform price pursuant to § 1032.75;

(c) Add an amount equal to one-half of the unobligated balance in the producer-settlement fund;

(d) Divide the resulting amount by the sum of the following for all handlers included in these computations:

(1) The total hundredweight of producer milk; and

(2) The total hundredweight for which a value is computed pursuant to § 1032.60(f);

(e) Subtract not less than 4 cents nor more than 5 cents per hundredweight. The result shall be the "weighted average price," and the "uniform price" for milk received from producers.

[39 FR 15417, May 3, 1974, as amended at 45 FR 23404, Apr. 7, 1980]

§ 1032.62 Announcement of uniform price and butterfat differential.

The market administrator shall announce publicly on or before:

(a) The fifth day after the end of each month the butterfat differential for such month; and

(b) The 12th day after the end of each month the uniform price for such month.

PAYMENTS FOR MILK

§ 1032.70 Producer-settlement fund.

The market administrator shall establish and maintain a separate fund known as the "producer-settlement fund," which shall function as follows:

(a) All payments made by handlers pursuant to §§ 1032.71, 1032.76, and 1032.77 shall be deposited in such fund and out of which shall be made all payments pursuant to §§ 1032.72 and 1032.77: *Provided*, That any payments due to any handler shall be offset by any payments due from such handler.

[39 FR 15417, May 3, 1985, as amended at 50 FR 46628, Nov. 12, 1985]

§ 1032.71 Payments to the producer-settlement fund.

(a) On or before the 15th day after the end of the month, each handler shall pay to the market administrator the amount, if any, by which the amount specified in paragraph (a)(1) of this section exceeds the amount specified in paragraph (a)(2) of this section:

(1) The total value of milk of the handler for such month as determined pursuant to § 1032.60.

(2) The sum of:

(i) The value at the uniform price, as adjusted pursuant to § 1032.75, of such handler's receipts of producer milk; and

(ii) The value at the weighted average price applicable at the location of

the plant from which received of other source milk for which a value is computed pursuant to § 1032.60(f).

(b) On or before the 25th day after the end of the month each person who operated an other order plant that was regulated during such month under an order providing for individual-handler pooling shall pay to the market administrator an amount computed as follows:

(1) Determine the quantity of reconstituted skim milk in filled milk in route disposition from such plant in the marketing area which was allocated to Class I at such plant. If there is such route disposition from such plant in marketing areas regulated by two or more marketwide pool orders, the reconstituted skim milk allocated to Class I shall be prorated to each order according to such route disposition in each marketing area; and

(2) Compute the value of the reconstituted skim milk assigned in paragraph (b)(1) of this section to route disposition in this marketing area by multiplying the quantity of such skim milk by the difference between the Class I price under this part that is applicable at the location of the other order plant (but not to be less than the Class III price) and the Class III price.

§ 1032.72 Payments from the producer-settlement fund.

On or before the 17th day after the end of each month the market administrator shall pay to each handler the amount, if any, by which the amount computed pursuant to § 1032.71(a)(2) exceeds the amount computed pursuant to § 1032.71(a)(1). The market administrator shall offset any payment due any handler against any payments due from such handler.

§ 1032.73 Payments to producers and to cooperative associations.

(a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of this section, each handler shall make payment for milk received during the month as follows:

(1) On or before the last day of each month to each producer who did not discontinue shipping milk to such handler before the 25th day of the month an amount equal to not less than the Class III price for the preceding month